

- <u>Jas. 3:1</u> My brethren, be not many masters, knowing that we shall receive the greater condemnation.
- 2 For in many things we offend all. If any man offend not in word, the same *is* a perfect man, *and* able also to bridle the whole body.
- 3 Behold, we put bits in the horses' mouths, that they may obey us; and we turn about their whole body.
- 4 Behold also the ships, which though *they be* so great, and *are* driven of fierce winds, yet are they turned about with a very small helm, whithersoever the governor listeth.
- <u>5</u> Even so the tongue is a little member, and boasteth great things. Behold, how great a matter a little fire kindleth!
- 6 And the tongue is a fire, a world of iniquity: so is the tongue among our members, that it defileth the whole body, and setteth on fire the course of nature; and it is set on fire of hell.
- 7 For every kind of beasts, and of birds, and of serpents, and of things in the sea, is tamed, and hath been tamed of mankind:



- 8 But the tongue can no man tame; it is an unruly evil, full of deadly poison.
- 9 Therewith bless we God, even the Father; and therewith curse we men, which are made after the similitude of God.
- 10 Out of the same mouth proceedeth blessing and cursing. My brethren, these things ought not so to be.
- 11 Doth a fountain send forth at the same place sweet *water* and bitter?
- 12 Can the fig tree, my brethren, bear olive berries? either a vine, figs? so *can* no fountain both yield salt water and fresh.



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Jas. 1:19 Wherefore, my beloved brethren, let every man be swift to hear, slow to speak, slow to wrath: ...

26 If any man among you seem to be religious, and **bridleth not his tongue**, but deceiveth his own heart, this man's religion *is* vain.

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b. A word about the tongue, 3:2-12

(1) A divine standard, 3:2

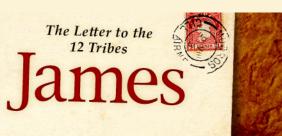
<u>Jas. 3:2</u> For in many things we offend all. If any man offend not in word, the same *is* a perfect man, *and* able also to bridle the whole body.

Prov. 10:19 In the multitude of words there wanteth not sin: but he that refraineth his lips *is* wise.

<u>Titus 1:10</u> For there are many unruly and vain talkers and deceivers, specially they of the circumcision:

11 Whose mouths must be stopped, who subvert whole houses, teaching things which they ought not, for filthy lucre's sake.





- (2) A devastating statement, 3:3-12
 - (a) The unbridled tongue, 3:3-5a
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Jas. 3:3 Behold, we put bits in the horses' mouths, that they may obey us; and we turn about their whole body.

Prov. 16:32 He that is slow to anger is better than the mighty; and he that ruleth his spirit than he that taketh a city.

Prov. 25:28 He that hath no rule over his own spirit is like a city that is broken down, and without walls.



How a boat is controlled, 3:4

Jas. 3:4 Behold also the ships, which though *they be* so great, and *are* driven of fierce winds, yet are they turned about with a very small helm, whithersoever the governor listeth.

- ii. The application, 3:5a "Even so the tongue is a little member, and boasteth great things..."
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 - i. The illustration, 3:5b "...Behold, how great a matter a little fire kindleth!"
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- How decadent it is, 3:6a "And the tongue is a fire, a world of iniquity..."
- How defiling it is, 3:6b "...so is the tongue among our members, that it defileth the whole body..."

Note the play on words — "...defileth the whole body..." = contamination of the whole church!

• How destructive it is, 3:6d – "...and setteth on fire the course of nature; and it is set on fire of hell."

Original Word: γέεννα Transliteration: geenna

Definition: Gehenna, and originally the name of a valley or cavity near Jerusalem, a place underneath the earth, a place of punishment for evil.

1067 *géenna* (a transliteration of the Hebrew term, *Gêhinnōm*, "the valley of Hinnom") – *Gehenna*, i.e. *hell* (also referred to as the "lake of fire" in *Revelation*).

http://biblehub.com/greek/1067.htm

Prov. 18:21 Death and life *are* in the power of the tongue: and they that love it shall eat the fruit thereof.

- (c) The untamed tongue, 3:7-10
 - i. The illustration, 3:7

<u>Jas. 3:7</u> For every kind of beasts, and of birds, and of serpents, and of things in the sea, is tamed, and hath been tamed of mankind:

- ii. The application, 3:8-10
- The tongue and its disloyalty, 3:8
 - How pugnacious it is, 3:8a "But the tongue can no man tame..."
 - How poisonous it is, 3:8b "it is an unruly evil, full of deadly poison."

Rom. 3:10 As it is written, There is none righteous, no, not one: 11 There is none that understandeth, there is none that seeketh after God.

12 They are all gone out of the way, they are together become unprofitable; there is none that doeth good, no, not one.

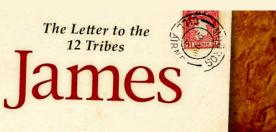
13 Their throat *is* an open sepulchre; with their tongues they have

used deceit; the poison of asps is under their lips:

- The tongue and it dichotomy, 3:9
 - Its ability to bless God, 3:9a –
 "Therewith bless we God, even the Father..."
 - Its ability to berate man, 3:9b "...and therewith curse we men, which are made after the similitude of God."
- The tongue and its duplicity, 3:10
 - Repetition, 3:10a "Out of the same mouth proceedeth blessing and cursing..."

- ➤ "To the person who speaks praise to God in the worship service and then abuses people verbally at home or at work, James commands, 'Purify your speech through the week.'
- ➤ With the person who says, 'Oh, I know I talk too much,' and laughs it off, James is not amused. He insists, 'Be quick to listen, slow to speak.'
- By the person who boasts, 'I always speak my mind, no matter who gets hurt,' James is not impressed. He commands, 'Discipline your speaking.'
- ➤ Of the person who says, 'I know I gossip too much, but I just can't help it,' James still requires, 'Control your tongue.'





- Of the person who is in the habit of speaking with insults, ridicule or sarcasm, James demands, 'Change your speech habits.'
- ➤ He expects discipline to be happening in the life of a Christian. Any Christian can ask for the grace needed, for God gives good gifts (1:17) and gives them generously (1:5). There is, then, no justification for corrupt habits of speech in our churches today."

George M. Stulac, *James*, p. 130.

 Repudiation, 3:10b – "...My brethren, these things ought not so to be."

<u>Jas. 1:19</u> Wherefore, my beloved brethren, let every man be swift to hear, **slow to speak**, slow to wrath: ...

26 If any man among you seem to be religious, and bridleth not his tongue, but deceiveth his own heart, this man's religion is vain.



(d) unredeemed tongue, 3:11-12

i. The illustration, 3:11

<u>Jas. 3:11</u> Doth a fountain send forth at the same place sweet water and bitter?

ii. The application, 3:12

<u>Jas. 3:12</u> Can the fig tree, my brethren, bear olive berries? either a vine, figs? so *can* no fountain both yield salt water and fresh.



Conclusion

Psa. 19:14 Let the words of my mouth, and the meditation of my heart, be acceptable in thy sight, O LORD, my strength, and my redeemer.

Prov. 16:23 The heart of the wise teacheth his mouth, and addeth learning to his lips.

Lu. 6:45 A good man out of the **good treasure of his heart** bringeth forth that which is **good**; and an evil man out of the evil treasure of his heart bringeth forth that which is evil: for of the abundance of the heart his mouth speaketh.

