

- Eccl. 8:1 Who is as the wise man? and who knoweth the interpretation of a thing? a man's wisdom maketh his face to shine, and the boldness of his face shall be changed.
- <u>2</u> I counsel thee to keep the king's commandment, and that in regard of the oath of God.
- <u>3</u> Be not hasty to go out of his sight: stand not in an evil thing; for he doeth whatsoever pleaseth him.
- 4 Where the word of a king is, there is power: and who may say unto him, What doest thou?
- 5 Whoso keepeth the commandment shall feel no evil thing: and a wise man's heart discerneth both time and judgment.
- 6 Because to every purpose there is time and judgment, therefore the misery of man is great upon him.
- 7 For he knoweth not that which shall be: for who can tell him when it shall be?
- <u>8</u> There is no man that hath power over the spirit to retain the spirit; neither hath he power in the day of death: and there is no discharge in that war; neither shall wickedness deliver those that are given to it.
- 9 All this have I seen, and applied my heart unto every work that is done under the sun: there is a time wherein one man ruleth over another to his own hurt.

This evening, we continue on a wonderful, spiritual journey through the Book of Ecclesiastes, known also as "The Preacher."

I. THE PREACHER'S SUBJECT, 1:1-11

- A. The Preacher, 1:1
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- (6) Cynicism About Worldliness, 7:29
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- 2. Life's Fallacies, 8:1-17
 - a. The Fiction About Being Great, 8:1-9
 - (1) King Solomon and His Wisdom, 8:1
 - (a) The Challenge, 8:1a "Who is as the wise man? and who knoweth the interpretation of a thing?..."
- 1 Kings 3:28 And all Israel heard of the judgment which the king had judged; and they feared the king: for they saw that the wisdom of God was in him, to do judgment.
- When one is "as the wise man," the "interpretation of a thing" is the expectation of discernment.

Original Word: פַשָׁר

Transliteration: pesher

Definition: solution, interpretation

https://biblehub.com/hebrew/6592.htm

Heb. 5:12 For when for the time ye ought to be teachers, ye have need that one teach you again which *be* the first principles of the oracles of God; and are become such as have need of milk, and not of strong meat.

13 For every one that useth milk *is* unskilful in the word of righteousness: for he is a babe.

14 But strong meat belongeth to them that are of full age, even those who by reason of use have their senses exercised to discern both good and evil.

 The "interpretation of a thing" is connected to the work of the Holy Spirit.

- 1 Cor. 2:9 But as it is written, Eye hath not seen, nor ear heard, neither have entered into the heart of man, the things which God hath prepared for them that love him.
- 10 But God hath revealed them unto us by his Spirit: for the Spirit searcheth all things, yea, the deep things of God. ...
- 13 Which things also we speak, not in the words which man's wisdom teacheth, but which the Holy Ghost teacheth; comparing spiritual things with spiritual.
- 14 But the natural man receiveth not the things of the Spirit of God: for they are foolishness unto him: neither can he know *them*, because they are spiritually discerned.
- <u>2 Pet. 1:19</u> We have also a more sure word of prophecy; whereunto ye do well that ye take heed, as unto a light that shineth in a dark place, until the day dawn, and the day star arise in your hearts:
- 20 Knowing this first, that no prophecy of the scripture is of any private interpretation.
- 21 For the prophecy came not in old time by the will of man: but holy men of God spake as they were moved by the Holy Ghost.

- Inspiration, illumination, and interpretation are dependent upon the Holy Spirit.
 - (b) The Change, 8:1b "...a man's wisdom maketh his face to shine, and the boldness of his face shall be changed."

Psa. 104:15 And wine that maketh glad the heart of man, and oil to make his face to shine, and bread which strengtheneth man's heart.

 The "boldness of his face shall be changed" = encouragement by the power of the Holy Spirit.

Acts 4:29 And now, Lord, behold their threatenings: and grant unto thy servants, that with all boldness they may speak thy word,

Acts 4:31 And when they had prayed, the place was shaken where they were assembled together; and they were all filled with the Holy Ghost, and they spake the word of God with boldness.

(2) King Solomon and His Word, 8:2-5

(a) A Word of Counsel, 8:2

Eccl. 8:2 I counsel thee to keep the king's commandment, and that in regard of the oath of God.

 Take heed to follow the "king's commandment" as it pertains to God's absolute truth.

(b) A Word of Caution, 8:3-4

i. The King's Presence, 8:3a "Be not hasty to go out of his sight..."

Consider Jeroboam.

- 1 Kings 11:26 And Jeroboam the son of Nebat, an Ephrathite of Zereda, Solomon's servant, whose mother's name was Zeruah, a widow woman, even he lifted up *his* hand against the king.
- 28 And the man Jeroboam was a mighty man of valour: and Solomon seeing the young man that he was industrious, he made him ruler over all the charge of the house of Joseph.
- 29 And it came to pass at that time when Jeroboam went out of Jerusalem, that the prophet Ahijah the Shilonite found him in the way; and he had clad himself with a new garment; and they two were alone in the field: ...
- 33 Because that they have forsaken me, and have worshipped Ashtoreth the goddess of the Zidonians, Chemosh the god of the Moabites, and Milcom the god of the children of Ammon, and have not walked in my ways, to do that which is right in mine eyes, and to keep my statutes and my judgments, as did David his father. ... 35 But I will take the kingdom out of his son's hand, and will give it unto
- thee, even ten tribes.
- 40 Solomon sought therefore to kill Jeroboam. And Jeroboam arose, and fled into Egypt, unto Shishak king of Egypt, and was in Egypt until the death of Solomon.

Prov. 20:8 A king that sitteth in the throne of judgment scattereth away all evil with his eyes.

Prov. 16:14 The wrath of a king is as messengers of death: but a wise man will pacify it.

15 In the light of the king's countenance is life; and his favour is as a cloud of the latter rain.

ii. The King's Perception, 8:3b "...stand not in an evil thing..."

Solomon is regarding discernment of motivation for a decision.

iii. The King's Prerogative, 8:3c n"... for he doeth whatsoever pleaseth him."

• The wise man does not resign from his service (v. 3a) or join in a revolt against the king (v. 3b). Furthermore, he does not dispute the king's authority and sovereignty (v. 4).

iv. The King's Power, 8:4

Eccl. 8:4 Where the word of a king is, there is power: and who may say unto him, What doest thou?

- An absolute monarchy reflected complete power of everyone and everything – "Where the word of a king is, there is power..."
- No one was to question the King "...who may say unto him, What doest thou?"
 - (c) A Word of Command, 8:5
 - i. Protection Available, 8:5a "Whoso keepeth the commandment shall feel no evil thing..."
- "Keep your nose clean, and you won't get yourself into trouble."

ii. Prudence Advisable, 8:5b"...and a wise man's heart discerneth both time and judgment."

The wise man has discernment to know when and what to do.

(3) King Solomon and His Wickedness, 8:6-9

(a) His Logic, 8:6

Eccl. 8:6 Because to every purpose there is time and judgment, therefore the misery of man is great upon him.

- Solomon knew his days were numbered, and Jeroboam was biding his time in Egypt.
- "Time and judgment" hovers over all of mankind, patiently chipping away at the inevitable demise of each person ever born.

(b) His Limitations, 8:7-8

i. A Future He Cannot Discern, 8:7

Eccl. 8:7 For he knoweth not that which shall be: for who can tell him when it shall be?

 Solomon, in all of his wisdom and experience, learned the finite limitations of man – no knowledge of "what" will happen, nor "when" it will happen in the future.

ii. A Funeral He Cannot Defy, 8:8

Eccl. 8:8 There is no man that hath power over the spirit to retain the spirit; neither hath he power in the day of death: and there is no discharge in that war; neither shall wickedness deliver those that are given to it.

Psa. 89:48 What man is he that liveth, and shall not see death? shall he deliver his soul from the hand of the grave? Selah.

Prov. 30:16 The grave; and the barren womb; the earth *that* is not filled with water; and the fire *that* saith not, *It is* enough.

(c) His Lesson, 8:9

Eccl. 8:9 All this have I seen, and applied my heart unto every work that is done under the sun: there is a time wherein one man ruleth over another to his own hurt.

- Solomon's logic, of his limitations, led to the lesson learned regarding life "under the sun" – in all his greatness, all of his extravagance, all of his experiences, Solomon must face the two conclusions for himself:
 - 1. Solomon has been his own worst enemy "...there is a time wherein one man ruleth over another to his own hurt."
 - 2. Death is inevitable, and is unstoppable, even for great kings.

Conclusion

Eccl. 9:10 Whatsoever thy hand findeth to do, do it with thy might; for there is no work, nor device, nor knowledge, nor wisdom, in the grave, whither thou goest.

- 1 Cor. 15:53 For this corruptible must put on incorruption, and this mortal *must* put on immortality.
- <u>54</u> So when this corruptible shall have put on incorruption, and this mortal shall have put on immortality, then shall be brought to pass the saying that is written, Death is swallowed up in victory.
- 55 O death, where is thy sting? O grave, where is thy victory?
- 56 The sting of death is sin; and the strength of sin is the law.
- 57 But thanks be to God, which giveth us the victory through our Lord Jesus Christ.
- 58 Therefore, my beloved brethren, be ye stedfast, unmoveable, always abounding in the work of the Lord, forasmuch as ye know that your labour is not in vain in the Lord.